

MAJOR COLLECTORS AND DISCHARGES OF UZBEKISTAN

Name	Location (province)	Year of commencement of operation	Length, km	Maximum power output, m/s
Urtukli	Tashkent	1934	37,0	12,0
Shoruzyak	Syrdarya	1921	53,4	36,4
Kirgokbuyi	Syrdarya		73,5	20,2
Central Mirzachul	Syrdarya	1968	84,7	90,0
Sokh-Isfara	Fergana	1944	32,4	20,0
Saridjuga	Fergana	1946	54,4	65,0
Achchikul	Fergana, Andijan	1970	31,6	166,0
North Bagdad	Fergana	1947	41,1	22,1
Kyzyltepa	Navoi	1952	27,0	40,0
Western Romitan	Bukhara	1966	42,0	12,0
Central Bukhara	Bukhara	1971	50,0	10,0
Zheleznodorojniy collector	Bukhara	1970	23,0	6,3
North collector 2	Bukhara	1967	153,9	19,5
Dengizkul	Bukhara	1966	71,0	33,1
Main Karakul	Bukhara	1967	45,3	11,0
Parallel	Bukhara	1967	55,0	40,0
Parsankul	Bukhara	1979	62,0	50,0
Golovnoy collector	Surkhandarya	1969	22,0	150,0
Devonkul	Khorezm	1953	100,7	63,0
Ozerniy collector	Khorezm	1961	190,1	115,0
South collector	Kashkadarya	1978	96,2	100,0

Source: State Committee for Nature Protection of the Republic of Uzbekistan